BE, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1918

LOCAL HEALTH OFFICER NEEDED

Capt. Knowlton, U.S.A., says $6,000 a year is necessary.

ATCHISON IS BEHIND TIMES

Many cities and counties are expending 80 cents capita for health work—social disease works only incidental.

Atchison and Atchison county will be asked to appropriate about $6,000 a year for health work.

This was announced Saturday by Capt. Knowlton, of the United States public health service, who has visited this city and county to find out if they are in line with other progressive communities.

"It is purely an economic matter," declared Capt. Knowlton. "Every time there is sickness that could otherwise have been prevented, there is an economic loss.

"I agree with Dr. Brown that we have not enough doctors and that much of the population is untrained; hence have little idea, but good health sense is only good business sense.

"There is much room for improvement here; Atchison has such places which could be made more efficient. If such places are not used, there is a waste of money. This is a matter of politics. For every 100 dollars intelligently expended here, 1000 would be saved for the community at large.

"Atchison county, I understand, has about 12,000 inhabitants. Upon this basis, judging from what other places receive, $6,000 a year per capita, could well be expended here. Many medical and surgical boards are at present making arrangements for health work upon this basis of 10 cents per capita.

"But I do not believe that amount is necessary for Atchison and Atchison county at this time. A brief statement of the results of appropriate expenditure, possibly $100, the expenses to be divided between the city and the county. To obtain an efficient health officer, a salary of not less than $1,000 a year would have to be paid. In addition, he would have to have a nurse trained in public health work and there would have to be an attendance on the sick and the insane, a necessary work, an extra charge for the health officer and all.

"Capt. Knowlton says many Atchison people have the impression that a health officer would derive much or most of his time to the centre of social disease. On the contrary, this would be to misinterpret the work of the social disease nurse. The latter is in the large cities the social disease problem to some extent in Atchison, also.

About Chetopa

Chetopa requires an extra cold or dry room, built to be, before she can help.
Influenza caused sixteen deaths in Boston Monday, where the disease has become epidemic.

Lloyd George, who has been ill sev-
INFLUENZA AT GREAT LAKES.

Four Thousand Men at Naval Station Are Under Quarantine.

Great Lakes, Ills., Sept. 17.—Four thousand men at the naval training station are in quarantine today as the result of influenza in the camp. Captain W. A. Moffett called off the prize kennel show scheduled for the near future, saying it might be held after the influenza is rooted out.

TIDAL WAVE IN JAPAN.
Secretary Roosevelt Has Pneumonia.

New York, Sept. 19.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, is at the home of his mother, here, suffering from an attack of pneumonia, which developed from his Spanish influenza.
It fell to a formerly of Atchison man to be the first man in the Great Lakes Naval Training station to take unto himself a wife during the dull days of the influenza quarantine. He is Charles Clayburn Ethridge, who formerly worked for the Adams Express company here and later worked for the company in Kansas City. The bride was Miss Mattie McCooe, of Kansas City. The marriage took place while the groom was in quarantine at Camp Peery, with the Fifth regiment. The groom is a corporal and is rated a second class seaman.
HOW TO AVOID INFLUENZA

The surgeon general of the army has issued the following rules to the public to safeguard against the spread of Spanish influenza and other respiratory diseases:

Avoid needless crowding—influenza is a crowd disease.

Smother your coughs and sneezes—others do not want the germs which you would throw away.

Your nose, not your mouth, was made to breathe through—get the habit.

Remember the three c's—a clean mouth, clean skin and clean clothes.

Try to keep cool when you walk and warm when you ride and sleep.

Open the windows—always at home at night; at the office when practicable.

Food will win the war if you give it chance—help by choosing and chewing your food well.

Your fate may be in your own hands—wash your hands before eating.

Don’t let the waste products of digestion accumulate—drink a glass or two of water on getting up.

Don’t use a napkin, towel, spoon fork, glass or cup which has been used by another person not washed.

Avoid tight clothes, tight shoes, tight gloves—seek to make Nature your ally, not your prisoner.

When the air is pure breathe all of it you can—breathe deeply.
William Stahl, an Atchison young man at the Great Lakes naval training station, is sick with influenza. He is a son of Prof. E. M. Stahl, of Midland college. “The last report I received stated that William was better,” said Prof. Stahl yesterday. Today’s dispatches state the influenza epidemic at the Great Lakes is now under control.

Bernard Crahan is now working in
Will Steubinger, who is taking naval training on the training ship, "Iris," on the Pacific, writes his wife there are 17 cases of influenza among the 300 men on board the ship, and four cases of pneumonia. His training will soon be finished, when he will come home on a furlough.

Henry Conway of Doniphan was in
A TIMELY SUGGESTION.

Editor Globe:
Considering the fact that a visitation of the influenza is raging in our soldier camps, and as Funston is suffering from an attack of the disease, 70 new cases being reported for one day, would it not be well for visitors from Atchison, and people in general, remain away from Manhattan and the camp, until those in charge have a chance to stamp out the trouble? It is claimed the disease is spread to town and other places by those visiting the camps, and places near the camps. As there is a shortage of physicians and nurses, not only in cities but small towns as well, every means in our power should be taken to stamp out the disease. The mortality is very large where the disease gets a footing among civilians, and by keeping away from Camp Funston and vicinity we will be using only the precaution that seems is really necessary to save humanity. Let us give this matter serious thought now that the disease has broken out at Funston, and do what we can for a week or so, to stamp out the trouble, and keep it from home if possible. My wife and I have a son at Funston, and he writes for mother and father to keep away from the camp and Manhattan for a while, as we can do no good, the soldier boys have the best of care, and it is needless to put ourselves in the way of taking the disease ourselves or carrying it to others.

—J. R. B.
MUST REPORT INFLUENZA.


Springfield, Ill., Sept. 25.—Stringent regulations to prevent the spread of Spanish influenza in Illinois were announced today. The regulations, effective immediately, provide that all physicians, nurses, druggists, parents or others having knowledge of a case of influenza must, within 24 hours notify local health authorities who in turn must notify the state department of health.
ATCHISON MEN HAVE INFLUENZA AT GREAT LAKES

Among the influenza victims at the Great Lakes naval training camp are Louis Brockett and Guy Elwell, of Atchison. Both are in isolation camps. Guy Elwell has the more severe case, and Louis Brockett is well enough to assist in taking care of him.

Dear

In the Bolsheviki attack on the ha

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INFLUENZA REACHES KANSAS.

First Case Officially Reported is Paxico Jacket.

Topeka, Sept. 26.—The first cases of the Spanish influenza epidemic officially reported by the state health department, have been found at Paxico, Wabaunsee county. A Jackie from the Great Lakes Naval Training Station recently visited in the household where the two cases broke out, it is said, and since he returned to the training station he has been taken ill with the disease.
Guy Elwell, Frank P. Wertz and Louis D. Brockett are now well at Great Lakes naval training station, and not one of them has the Spanish influenza or any other illness at this time, according to a letter received today from Mr. Wertz. His letter would indicate that Mr. Elwell, who had a bad case of influenza, has recovered. They are living in the same tent there, and the entire station is under quarantine.

Bert Harrison's cold tablets.
STAMPING OUT OF INFLUENZA

Recognized by Government As War Measure.

RED CROSS IS TO HELP

Home and Traveling Medical and Nursing Units Being Mobilized to Restore Normal Conditions.

Washington, Sept. 24—Stamping out of Spanish influenza, which has extended to more than a score of army camps and many sections of the country, has been recognized by the government as a war measure.

Medical and nursing units today were mobilized in communities where the epidemic has gained considerable headway, under the general direction of a central committee representing the public health service, the army, the navy and the American Red Cross.

It was explained that the principal relief will be afforded by units at home. Traveling medical units will be mobilized, however, through the volunteer medical service corps. The Red Cross will provide compensation, traveling expenses and maintenance as a war measure and the work will be kept up until normal conditions are restored.

Where local funds and buildings are not available, these will be obtained by the Red Cross which will also open emergency hospitals.

"The main thing to be done," it was said at Surgeon General Blake’s office, "is to mobilize such forces as are available in the localities affected and to carry forward relief work under one general direction, as outlined at the conference yesterday. The stamping out of influenza is a war measure and for that reason the Red Cross is prepared to offer substantial help."
NO SERIOUS DELAYS
IN CALLING SOLDIERS

General Crowder Says Military Program Will Not Suffer From
Spanish Flu.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Provost Marshal General Crowder, discussing
the postponement of October draft calls on account of the Spanish in-
fluenza epidemic, said no serious delay to the military program would
result.

"It may result in shortening the training period for some men before
they embark," he said, "but unless the epidemic continues to be serious,
calls for later dates in the month of October will be continued. The de-
lay does not seriously embarrass our work of mobilizing men."
Perhaps you had not better go to Camp Funston for several weeks. It is understood the camp has been or is about to be quarantined, and that there are several hundred cases of influenza there. Several Atchison soldiers have advised their parents not to go to the camp tomorrow.
SPANISH FLUE IS SPREADING IN KANSAS.

Seven New Cases Were Reported Today.

Topeka, Kas., Sept. 28—Seven new cases, believed by health officials to be Spanish influenza, in Kansas, were reported to the state department of health today. Smith Center and Lecompton each reported one case; Wellington two and South Haven three.

A semi-quarantine has been placed on Camp Funston but it does not prevent visitors from entering the camp. Soldiers are denied leave to go to distant points, but may visit towns near the cantonment.
DEATH CALLS LOCAL SOLDIER

Charles W. Nielander Died
At Camp Dix.

PNEUMONIA PROVED FATAL

WAS TERRIFICALLY PLEASANT, WITH
WILLPOWER AND BUSINESS ABLITY —
HIS LIFE TO LATE.

Charles W. Nielander, a local soldier, died on the morning of his death at his home in Atchison. He was the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Nielander, who reside at 309 South 25th Street.

Nielander, who was born in Atchison, was a member of the 314th Infantry, 80th Division, which had just returned from France. He had been a member of the American Legion and was a member of the local fraternity.

Nielander's death is a great loss to the community, as he was a popular soldier and a fine citizen. He was well known for his courage and his ability, and his death is a great loss to the nation.

The funeral services will be held at the home of the family, and the military honors will be rendered by the local chapter of the American Legion.

The family requests that contributions be made to the American Legion.

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Twenty-six states have Spanish influenza.
SPANISH INFLUENZA HERE

Atchison's first case of Spanish influenza was discovered late Saturday afternoon, when Will Gibson, 104 East Laramie street, became so ill he called a physician. The physician diagnosed the case as Spanish influenza, declaring Mr. Gibson has it, if a man ever did. Mr. Gibson does a lot of sneezing and has a severe sore throat. The malady is more disagreeable than serious in itself, but often is fatal if followed by pneumonia.

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KENNEKUK.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Stoddard have gone to Amherst, Mass., for an extended visit with their daughter, Mrs. William Turner.

There seems to be almost an epidemic of influenza around here at present. Among those attacked are Joe Burns, Mrs. A. J. Louer and Mrs. Milt During.

The A. C. P. A. hall will be opened Thursday evening for the K. K. K. ladies, to begin their Red Cross work. George Shannon, Henry Bechtold, in
Jobbers Association in Atchison.

Dr. Charles Robinson, of Atchison, is among the ten Kansas doctors who have enlisted in the volunteer medical service reserve corps, to prevent the spread of influenza. They are to go wherever the government sees fit to send them, to fight influenza.
Pneumonia claims another

Pneumonia caused the death of Luther Aue, at the Great Lakes naval training station, late Saturday. His illness started as influenza, and later pneumonia set in, and soon resulted in death. He was a Sophomore at Midland college last year, a son of the Rev. and Mrs. Carl Aue, of Emporia, Kan., and one of the finest young men who ever came to Atchison. He was twenty-one years of age last March.

Luther Aue was a splendid type of young man. He was studious in school, kind to all of his associates, and took a prominent part in all college activities. Last year he was a player on the Midland college football team, and distinguished himself on the gridiron. He played clean and hard and effectively. He was one of the most popular young men who ever attended the local institution.

On graduating from the Emporia high school, Luther Aue came to Atchison two years ago, and enrolled at Midland college as a Freshman. He would have been a Junior this year, had he not enlisted in the navy. He was one of a dozen Midland college boys who went to the Great Lakes naval training station early this summer. He is survived by his parents and a sister, Miss Esther Aue, a student at Midland college. Rev. Aue has been pastor of a Lutheran church at Emporia for nearly twelve years.

The remains of the young sailor have been taken to Yellow Springs, Ohio, his former home, for burial. Rev. and Mrs. Aue were in Atchison yesterday morning, enroute to Ohio. Special memorial services probably will be held at Midland college this week.

"I saw Luther Aue at the Great Lakes station several weeks ago, and he looked strong and healthy, and was enthusiastic about the life of a sailor," said Dr. R. L. Patterson today. "I never knew a finer young man."